

BIODEGRADABLE AND RENEWABLE RAW MATERIALS IN A NEW GENERATION OF WATER-TREATMENT PRODUCTS



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New “Green” Inhibitors

“Green” chemistry is not an absolute goal or destination, but a dedication to the process for continual improvement, wherein the environment is considered along with the chemistry.

New “Green” Inhibitors (cont.)

The Principal Criteria for Inhibitors' Acceptance

North Sea (UK, Norway, Denmark, The Netherlands)

Biodegradability: > 60% in 28 days

Marine toxicity: Effective Concentration,
50% (EC₅₀)/Lethal Concentration,
50% (LC₅₀)>10 mg/L to North Sea species

Bioaccumulation: Log Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient
(Pow)<3

The Products



S-10-F Additive for the condensate line

- Non-Toxic “green“ filming corrosion inhibitor for boiler condensate
- Base: salts of aminoacids, produced from renewable resources
- Effective against corrosion caused by carbon dioxide and oxygen
- Resistant to oxidation and has high salt tolerance
- Outstanding film persistency in a wide temperature range
- Excellent replacement for film-forming amines (steam line)
- Compatible with the majority of ingredients used in boiler and condensate line treatment programs
- Can be used as a continuous and/or batch treatment

The Products



S-14 Bio-Antiscalant / corrosion inhibitor

- Unique “green” building block, natural polymer based (soy protein)
- Rare combination of a powerful scale inhibition and excellent multi-metal corrosion protection
- Readily biodegradable
- GRAS (Generally Recognized As Safe by CFR) approved
- Easy to formulate in variety of open formulations
- Compatible with common water treatment programs
- Economical



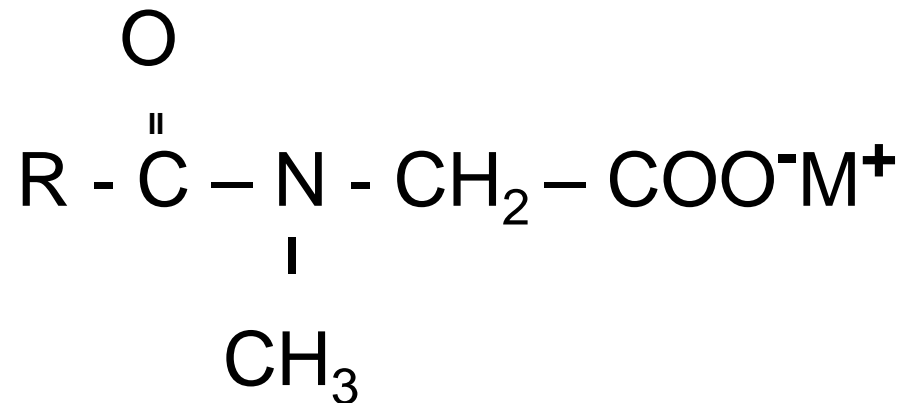
To Achieve the Desired Properties:

- Choice of biobased raw materials
- Environmental aspects
- Corrosion testing
- Antiscalant properties

S-10 F

Additive to the condensate line

Choice of materials, Environmental aspect



R-fatty acid hydrocarbon

M-metal

Salts of fatty amino acids

S-10 F

Additive to the condensate line (cont.)

- Rapid biodegradability
- Made from the RM based on renewable resources
- LD₅₀, mg/kg – 5000 oral rats (table salt-3000)
- Acceptable aquatic toxicity Per European Protocol: 96 hours 50% (LC₅₀)-56 ppm
- Based on NOEC and LOEC, S-10 F could be discharged into the sea in concentrations greater than 1200ppm
- Outstanding mildness to skin and eyes
- Excellent corrosion inhibition

(NOEC-No observable effect concentration)

(LOEC-Lowest observable effect concentration)

S-10 F

Additive to the condensate line (cont.)

Corrosion Testing

○ Immersion Corrosion Test

Concentration-300 ppm

Carrier-DI water

Conditions: Static - 95-100°C, 10 days

Dynamic – 75-85°C, 48 hours, 200 rpm

○ Electrochemical test

Equipment:

Potentiostat/Galvanostat “Versastat”

Working electrode: Carbon Steel SAE1018

Conditions: Dynamic – 72°C, 200 rpm

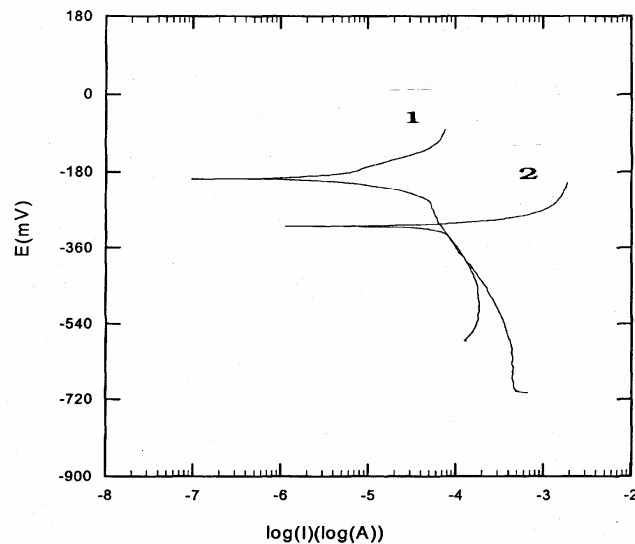
S-10 F Additive to the condensate line (cont.)

PROTECTIVE PROPERTIES OF S-10 F (ADDITIVE FOR CONDENSATE LINES)

	Static Conditions, 85°C		Tafel Plots, dynamic conditions	
Material	Mass Loss	Protective Power, Z%*	Corrosion Rate, (mpy)	Protective Power, Z%
S-10 F, 300 ppm	0.0970 (No visible corrosion)	91.49	0.233	87.01
Control*	0.1269(Corrosion after 0.5 Hr.)	-	1.794	-

$$Z = \frac{CR_c - CR_i}{CR_c} \times 100\%, \text{ where } ; *DI \text{ water; } CR_c = \text{Corrosion rate in DI water;}$$

$CR_i = \text{Corrosion rate in presence of inhibitor}$



Tafel plots: 1 – 300 ppm S-10 F in de-ionized water
2 – De-ionized water

S-14 Bio

Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor

- The choice of materials
 - Current products: phosphonates, acrylates
 - Natural polymers as antiscalants
 - Polyaspartates
 - Soy polymer (protein part of soy beans)
 - Casein (from milk)
 - Polysaccharide (from sea weeds)

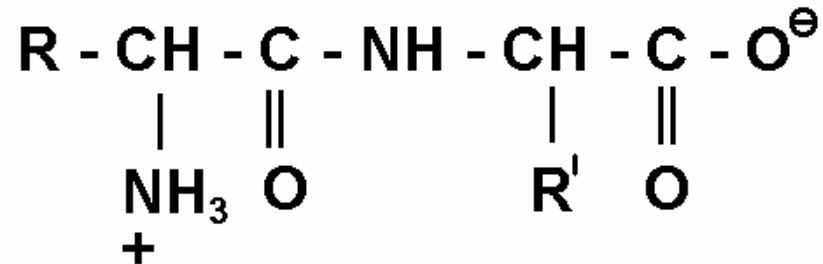
S-14 Bio

Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor

The choice of materials

- Soy polymer (protein)

Amide-linked polymers composed of amino acids



Molecular weight range: 3,000 – 1,000,000



S-14 Bio

Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor

- Corrosion testing

- Half-immersion corrosion test

- Materials: Carbon Steel, Galvanized Steel, Aluminum, Copper
 - Testing Conditions: 72 hours, Room Temperature
 -

- Pilot Cooling Tower Test

- The real life test in cooling tower
 - Coupons: Carbon Steel SAE 1010, Copper CDA12, Hot-dipped galvanized steel

S-14 Bio Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor Results of Corrosion Tests

- Half immersion corrosion test

Material	Carbon Steel	Galvanized Steel	Aluminum	Copper
Organophosphonate	Corrosion	Corrosion	Corrosion	Corrosion
Polyacrylate	Corrosion	Corrosion	Severe Corrosion	Severe Corrosion
Soy-based polymer (S-14 Bio)	No visible corrosion	No Visible Corrosion	No Visible Corrosion	No Visible Corrosion
Polysaccharide based	Slight Corrosion	Slight Corrosion	Slight Corrosion	No Visible Corrosion
Polyaspartic acid based	Corrosion	Severe Corrosion	Slight Corrosion	Slight Corrosion
Control	Corrosion	Corrosion	Corrosion	Corrosion

S-14 Bio Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor Results of Corrosion Tests

- Pilot Cooling Tower Test Results

Material	Presence of Scales	Corrosion Rate, mpy		
		Carbon Steel	Galvanized Steel	Copper
Organophosphonate/ Polyacrylates/ Molybdate/ Triazole, 25 ppm	Not visible	1.8	1.1	0.056
S-14 Bio, 25 ppm	Not visible	0.8	1.1	0.026
Control	Visible	-----	-----	-----

S-14 Bio

Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor

- Evaluation of antiscaling properties
(NACE Standard TM-0374-2001)
 - Conditions:
 - Brines, containing Calcium Sulfate and Calcium Carbonate
 - Concentration of the inhibitor: 10 ppm
 - Temperature 70-72°C
 - Time – 24 hours

S-14 Bio Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor Antiscaling Properties

● Results

Materials	CaCO ₃ , ppm	% of inhibition*	CaSO ₄ , ppm	% of inhibition*
Organophosphonate	4050	95.5	3950	76.9
Polyacrylate	3100	16.7	4250	92.3
Polysaccharide based	3100	16.7	4200	89.7
Soy-based polymer (S-14 Bio)	4070	96.7	4250	92.3
Polyaspartic acid based	3000	6.6	4000	79.5
Control (w/o scale inhibitor)	2900	-	2450	-
Initial	4100	-	4400	-

*% of scale inhibition = $(Ca-Cb)/(Cc-Cb)*100$, where
Ca-Ca²⁺ concentration in the treated sample after precipitation
Cb-Ca²⁺ concentration in the blank after precipitation
Cc-Ca²⁺ concentration in the blank before precipitation



S-10 F & S-14 Bio

Manufactured from renewable resources

BIOBASED CONTENT

Sample	C14 content, % modern carbon	Biobased content, %
Additive to Condensate (S-10 F)	88.5	84.3
Antiscalant/Corrosion Inhibitor (S-14 Bio)	95.6	91.5

Conclusion



- “Green” product S-10 F inhibits corrosion as well or better than its more toxic traditional counterparts used in boilers
- “Green” S-14 Bio is a natural polymer-based antiscalant/corrosion inhibitor that is a very effective fully biodegradable multifunctional building block for water-treatment applications.
- The new “Green” products meet the legal requirements
- Usage of “Green” products shows environmental awareness and concern

Thank you!