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Cortec and Commercial Product Comparison Charts

To: Whom it may concern

From: Cortec Corporation Laboratories

CC: Eric Uutala

Ed Bertges Ken Motsinger

Date: February 12, 2013

Background: It was requested that Cortec tests and compare different rust

remover, converter, and preventative products with those currently

in the commercial market.

Results: Three spreadsheets have been prepared for comparison of each line

of products in the attached documents (Appendix B, C, and D). The products are compared by test results from previous Cortec testing and information provided on the company's MSDS. Additionally, a document with an explanation of the comparison

charts is provided in Appendix A.





Caleb Pheneger

Caleb Pheneger Technical Service Engineer Cortec Corporation

Appendix A: Explanation of product comparison charts

The following are descriptions and definitions for categories used to compare different lines of products:

Product (Type): Name of product, may be slightly abbreviated. Type of product

specifies either the class of rust remover, or the packaging the

product comes in.

Transportation: Information on any restrictions or classifications for shipping

based on the listing in section 14 the MSDS.

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds listed as a percent of total contents.

This was referenced from company MSDS and not measured.

Food Certification: NSF, USDA, or FDA certification that a product can be used for

applications with indirect or incidental contact with food. Only

VpCI-422 and VpCI-423 has this listing.

USDA Bio-preferred: Classified by USDA as a primarily bio-based material; listed as a

percentage of total contents. No converters have this listing.

Toxicology/Ecology: Any toxilogical or ecological reports on MSDS or located/

available online.

pH: Acidity of rust remover on pH scale; from MSDS, not measured.

DFT: Dry Film Thickness is the thickness of a coating after it dries. For

our testing each product was applied as directed and the DFT was measured in mils, which is equal to 0.001 inches. This is only a

useful measurement for converters.

Flash Point The lowest temperature a product can vaporize and form a

combustible mixture with air. All rust removers were mostly water

based and not flammable, so this section was not included.

PPE: Personal Protective Equipment suggested for handling the product

(Please see Appendix E for additional information regarding PPE codes). A rating of B should be used as a minimum for almost all chemicals. Please note that some products require good ventilation or a vapor respirator if the concentration levels get too high. See

MSDS for complete information on proper PPE.

HMIS: Hazardous Material Identification System, please see Appendix E

for additional information.

Rust Removal (mins): Amount of time required for complete removal of

moderate severity rust. Each panel was rusted for the following time for consistent moderate rust: 1010 carbon steel: 24 hours in ASTM B-117

Cast iron: 24 hours in ASTM D-1748 Copper: 120 hours in ASTM B-117

ASTM B-117 Salt Spray: Standardized test for the resistance of a coating to

corrosion failure. This test includes elevated temperature and presence of salt water fog. It is an

industry standard for coatings.

ASTM D-1748 Humidity Testing: Standardized test for corrosion failure of rust

preventatives. Temperature of 120 °F and approximately 99% relative humidity results in failure of bare metal in hours. Failure is defined by three spots of visual corrosion on a test panel. This

test is a standard for rust preventatives.

Appendix B: Rust Remover Comparison Chart

Product (Type)	Product (Type) Transportation		Food Certification	USDA	Toxicology/Ecology	рН	PPE	ŀ	HMIS	S	Rust Removal (mins)		
1 Toduct (Type)	Transportation	Fransportation VOC Food Certification BioPreferred Toxicology/Ecology		рп	116	Н	F	R	Steel	Iron	Copper		
<u>VpCI-429</u> (pH neutral)	Not Regulated	0%	No	No	Fresh and salt water fish toxicity reports available	6.5-7.0	В	0	1	0	60	120	120
Evapo-Rust (pH neutral)	Not Regulated	0%	No	No	Biodegradable, Non-toxic (test at 5g/kg orally in rats)	5.7-6.3	Α	0	0	0	60	90	Failed
Metal Rescue (pH neutral)	Not Regulated	0%	No	No	Rat LD50: Oral > 2.85 mg/kg, Dermal > 5 mg/kg	6.0-7.5	В	0	0	0	85	>180	120
VpCI-422 (Citric Acid)	Not Regulated	0%	USDA & NSF (indirect contact)	92%	Biodegradable, marine toxicity data available, CEFAS certified	1.7-2.5	В	1	0	0	20	30	30
VpCI-423 (gel) (Citric Acid)	Not Regulated	0%	USDA (indirect contact)	91%	Fresh and salt water fish toxicity reports available	2.1-2.5	В	1	0	0	20	30	40
VpCI-426 (Phosphoric Acid)	UN1805, Class 8 Group III	8.9%	No	No	Fresh and salt water fish toxicity reports available	1.5-2.5	В	2	1	0	10	15	20
VpCI-426 Gel (Phosphoric Acid)	UN1805, Class 8 Group III	8.9%	No	No	Fresh and salt water fish toxicity reports available	1.5-2.5	В	2	1	0	10	20	20
Loctite Naval Jelly (Phosphoric Acid)	UN1805, Class 8 Group III	2.4%	No	No	Contains known carcinogen (sulfuric acid)	1.5-2.5	В	1	0	0	20	155	120
Permatex Dissolver (Phosphoric Acid)	UN3264, Class 8 Group III	2.4%	No	No	None Located	1.5-2.5	В	3	0	0	20	90	Failed

Appendix C: Rust Converter Comparison Chart

Product (Type)	Transportation	VOC	Flash Point	Toxicology/Ecology		HMIS H F		_	DFT	Salt Spray (240 hours)	
Corrverter (Liquid product)	Not Regulated	3.0%	NA	No Testing Conducted	В	1	1	0	3 mils	<1% field failure	
Rust-Oleum Rust Reformer (Liquid product)	ORM-D for Air and International	Not Listed	89 (ºC)	Component information: Tannic Acid Rat LD50 = 5 g/kg	В	2	2	1	1.5 mils	80% field failure	
Permatex Rust Treatment (Aerosol product)	Ground: Class 2.1 UN 1950 Air: Class 9 ID 8000	50.4%	Not listed	Components not classified as carcinogens	В	2	4	0	1 mil	100% field failure	
Extend Rust Neutralizer (Aerosol product)	Class 2.1 UN 1950	33.1%	< -6.7 (ºC)	Components not classified as carcinogens	В	2	4	2	1 mil	90% field failure	

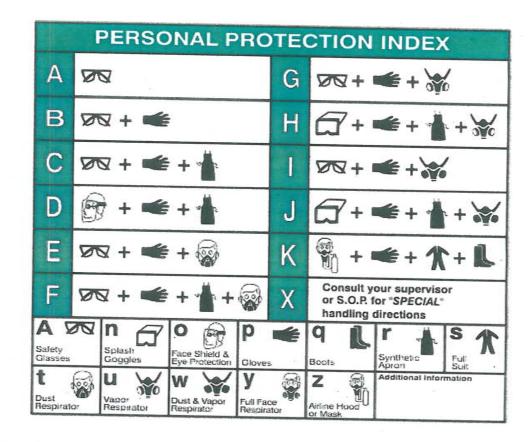
Appendix D: Rust Preventative Comparison Chart

Product (Type)	Transporation	USDA	VOC	Flash	Toxicology/Ecology	PPE	ı	HMI	S	ASTM D-1748	
1 Toddet (Type)	Transporation	Biopreferred	Point		Toxicology/Ecology	116	Н	F	R	Humidity Testing	
EcoAir BioCorr	Not Populated	64%	< 1.0%	140.00	No Testing Conducted	В	1	1	0	> 500 Hours	
(Air Powered Spray Can)	Not Regulated	04%		149 ºC	No resting Conducted						
EcoAir VpCI-377	Not Regulated	No	~15% in EcoAir	101 ºC	Fresh and salt water fish	В	1	2	0	> 500 Hours	
(Air Powered Spray Can)	Not Hegulated	INO			toxicity data available.	D					
Dry Coat RP	Not Regulated	No	0.0%	> 93 ºC	Mobility: Air <5%, Water 30-	В	2	1	0	24 Hours	
(Trigger Spray Bottle)	Not negulated	INO			50%, Soil 30-50%				U		
Evapo-Rust Rust-Block	Not Regulated	No	Not Listed	Not Listed	None Located	Α	1	0	0	24 Hours	
(Trigger Spray Bottle)	Not negulated	INO			None Localed				U	2 4 1 10013	
<u>VpCI-325</u>	Not Regulated	No	Not Listed	ot Listed > 94 °C	C No Testing Conducted	В	1	2	1	> 500 Hours	
(Trigger Spray Bottle, Oil)	Not riegulated	NO	Not Listed	/ 54 0	No resting conducted	ם		۷	ı	> 500 Flours	
Ecoline 3690	Not Populated	76%	0.0%	250 ºC	Fresh and salt water fish	В	1	1	0	S EOO Hours	
(Bulk Liquid Product, Oil)	Not Regulated	70%	0.0%	250 -0	toxicity data available.	ь	'	'	U	> 500 Hours	
Ecoline 3220	Not Populated	99%	0.00/	100 ºC	Fresh and salt water fish	В	4	1	0	500 H	
(Bulk Liquid Product, Oil)	Not Regulated	99%	0.0%	100 -0	toxicity data available.	D	ı		U	> 500 Hours	
Rust-Oleum Rust Inhibitor	US Ground: ORM-D	No	Not Listed	tod < -100	Isoparaffinic Hydrocarbon		3	4	0	144 Hours	
(Aerosol Can, Oil)	Other: Class 2.1 UN 1950	INU		∘C	>25 ml/kg (Rat, Oral)	В	J	4	U	144 110015	

APPENDIX E: HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System

HMIS Label Example





HMIS HEALTH HAZARD R	ATING CHART
* CHRONIC HAZARD	Chronic (long-term) health effects may result repeated overexposure.
0=MINIMAL HAZARD	No significant risk to health.
1=SLIGHT HAZARD	Irritation or minor reversible injury possible.
2=MODERATE HAZARD	Temporary or minor injury may occur.
3=SERIOUS HAZARD	Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given.
4=SEVERE HAZARD	Life-threatening, major or permanent damage may result from single or repeated overexposures.

File Name: HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System

HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System

HMIS FLAMMABILITY H	IAZARD RATING CHART
0=MINIMAL HAZARD	Materials that will not burn.
1=SLIGHT HAZARD	Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200° F. (Class IIIB)
2=MODERATE HAZARD	Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100° F but below 200° F. (Classes II & IIIA)
3=SERIOUS HAZARD	Materials capable of ignition under almost all normal temperature conditions. Includes flammable liquidswith flash points below 73° F and boiling points above 100° F.as well as liquids with flash points between 73° F and 100° F. (Classes IB & IC)
4=SEVERE HAZARD	Flammable gases, or very volatile flammable liquids with flash points below 73° F, and boiling points below 100° F. Materials may ignite spontaneously with air. (Class IA)

HMIS PHYSICAL HAZA	RD RATING CHART
0=MINIMAL HAZARD	Materials that are normally stable, under fire conditions and will not react to water, polymerize, decompose, condense or self react.
1=SLIGHT HAZARD	Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable at high temperature and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.
2=MODERATE HAZARD	Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.
3=SERIOUS HAZARD	Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water are capable of detonation or explosive reaction in the presence of a strong initiating source or undergo chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with moderate risk of explosion.
4=SEVERE HAZARD	Materials that are readily, capable of water reaction, detonation or explosive decomposition at normal temperatures and pressures.

File Name: HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System